Mobil

System analysis



This service monitors hydraulic, circulating, gear and compressor oils for premature wear, contamination and oil condition

Description

System analysis can help you optimize your lubrication program and detect equipment problems before they cause expensive outages. This analysis is applicable for hydraulic systems, gear drives, compressors and circulating systems.

Precision systems depend on system cleanliness and lubricant deposit control to operate at peak efficiency. Elite analysis service includes advanced tests to monitor system health and help further optimize oil performance.

Potential benefits



Analysis options – System analysis

😔 😳 🔘 🛲	Essential ♦	Enhanced ♦♦	Elite ♦♦♦
Metals	✓	✓	✓
Nitration			✓
Oxidation	√★	√★	√★
Particle Count		✓	✓
Particle Quantifier (PQ) Index		✓	✓
Total Acid Number (TAN)	*	*	*
Ultracentrifuge			✓
Viscosity* at 40°C or 100°C	✓	✓	
Viscosity at 40°C and 100°C			✓
Viscosity Index			✓
Water	✓	✓	✓

For compressors, add

Coolant Indicator	✓	✓	✓

Key: 🗸 Included test

 \star TAN in lieu of oxidation for select synthetic products

*Viscosity reported at 40°C or 100°C, based on oil type or service level. Analysis may vary by laboratory, product supplied or oil condition.

Sample frequency

Sample at OEM recommended frequency or, for general guidance, begin with: **3 months** or **500 hours** Adjust frequency based on asset's economic impact, operating environment, machine age, oil age or sample results trend.

Mobil[™] Lubricant Analysis — System analysis

Test	Purpose	Importance of test
Coolant Indicator	To determine the level of sodium, potassium and boron in the compressor oil	Indicative of a coolant leak into the compressor
Metals	To determine the presence and levels of metallic content in the oil, including contaminants and wear particles	The level of metals helps determine if equipment components are wearing or if harmful contamination is entering the oil. The level of metals that are part of the additive chemistry is also reported
Nitration	To measure the amount of nitrogen by-products in the oil	Nitration results from the rapid compression of entrained air. As a result, if unchecked, nitrogen and oxidation precursors might form sticky varnishes, which may lead to valve sticking
Oxidation	To determine the level of lubricant oxidation and deterioration	Oxidation can mean: • Increased wear and corrosion • Shorter equipment life • Increased viscosity • Excessive deposits and plugging
Particle Count Analysis	To measure the level of particulate contaminants in the oil	 Cleanliness is a critical factor in the running of hydraulic and circulating oil systems Debris can interfere in the fine tolerances of the system's pumps and valves or cause premature wear
Particle Quantifier (PQ) Index	To determine ferrous metal fatigue failures and metal-to-metal contact not usually detectable with some spectrographic analysis	PQ Index can detect at an early stage: • Anti-friction bearing wear • Plain bearing wear • Gear wear
Total Acid Number (TAN)	To measure acidic oil oxidation by-products	An elevated Total Acid Number may indicate increased oil acidity resulting from increased oil oxidation
Ultracentrifuge	To measure level of insoluble deposit formation in the oil	Elevated deposit formation can signify increased potential for varnish formation or represent debris, dirt or dust contamination
Viscosity	To determine the oil's resistance to flow	 An increase in viscosity may be due to high insoluble content, water contamination, or admixture with higher viscosity fuel or lubricant A decrease in viscosity may be due to water contamination, or admixture with lower viscosity lubricant Both high or low viscosity may result in premature equipment wear
Viscosity Index	To measure the change of viscosity with temperature	Higher VI demonstrates wider operating range. Monitor for cross contamination. Monitor for viscosity shear.
Water	To detect presence of water contamination	Water contamination may cause severe corrosion and subsequent wear, poor oil film thickness or hydrogen embrittlement

Mobil[™] Lubricant Analysis

When your sample is processed, the laboratory handles each bottle as a unique and important item. Each sample is coded, labeled and tracked through the entire process. By the time test results are available, your equipment sample has directly benefitted from our knowledge of Mobil[™] lubricants, decades of OEM relationships and a strong heritage of hands-on application expertise. Sample comments are provided, as required, to help identify potential problems, list possible causes and recommend actions for follow-up.





By helping you enhance equipment life and reliability — which minimizes maintenance costs and downtime — our expert services can help you achieve your safety, environmental care and productivity goals.

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